

Module RLE 2x4 / 2x8 AMB EXC2 OTD

Modules RLE excite



RLE 2x4 2000lm AMB HP EXC2 OTD



RLE 2x8 4000lm AMB HP EXC2 OTD

Product description

- _ Suitable for harsh and humid outdoor conditions
- _ Tested acc. to salt spray test (IEC 60068-2-52) and harmful gas test (GR-63-CORE)
- _ Huge performance temperature range from -40 ... +105 °C
- _ Surge tested (+/- to earth) 6 kV with Tridonic LED driver
- _ Integrated NTC for overtemperature protection
- _ Zhaga Book 15 certified
- _ For use with standard 2x2 lenses (e.g. LEDiL STRADA 2x2)
- _ Push-in terminals for simple and quick wiring
- _ HE ... High Efficiency, NM ... Nominal Mode, HO ... High Output
- _ Long lifetime up to 100,000 hours
- _ 8 years guarantee (conditions at <https://www.tridonic.com/en/int/services/manufacture-guarantee-conditions>)

Optical properties

- _ Useful luminous flux 3,700 lm at Irated and tp = 25 °C
- _ Efficacy of the LED module 111 lm/W at Irated and tp = 25 °C
- _ Amber light colour (yellowish), similar to high-pressure sodium lamps
- _ Enables better visibility in fog due to better penetration and less glare
- _ Ideal for harbor or coastal lighting, roads in mountainous areas and conflict zones such as pedestrian crossings
- _ Suited for natural habitats due to insect-friendly light spectrum
- _ Decorative lighting e.g. in Old Town Areas or Star Parks

Mechanical properties

- _ Module dimension 49.5 x 121.4 mm and 49.5 x 223 mm
- _ Installation of the module together with lens in the luminaire by means of an M3 screw

System solution

- _ Integrate compatible partner products into your final system solution: <https://www.tridonic.com/en/int/products/accessories#partner>

Website
<http://www.tridonic.com/28003869>


Spotlights



Downlights



Linear



Area



Floor | Wall



Free-standing



Street



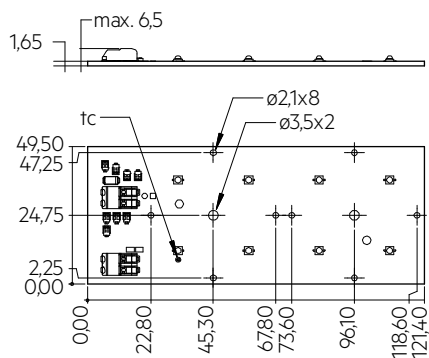
Decorative



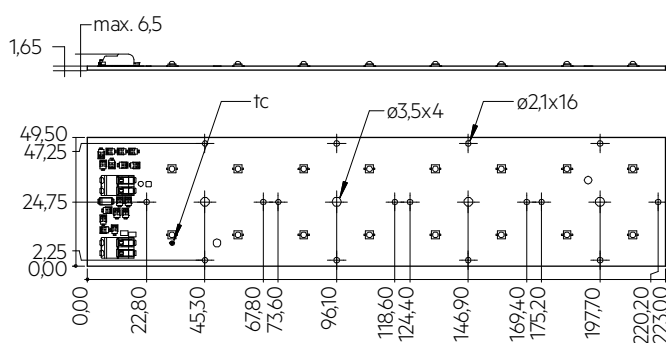
High bay

Module RLE 2x4 / 2x8 AMB EXC2 OTD

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RLE 2x4 2000lm AMB HP EXC2 OTD



RLE 2x8 4000lm AMB HP EXC2 OTD

Ordering data

Type	Article number	Colour	Packaging, carton	Weight per pc.
RLE 2x4 2000lm AMB HP EXC2 OTD	28003869	Amber	80 pc(s).	0.027 kg
RLE 2x8 4000lm AMB HP EXC2 OTD	28003870	Amber	80 pc(s).	0.049 kg

Technical data

Beam characteristic	120°
Ambient temperature ta	-40 ... +80 °C
tp rated	75 °C
tc	100 °C
Irated	700 mA
Imax	1,200 mA
Max. permissible LF current ripple	1,500 mA
Max. permissible peak current	2,000 mA / max. 10 ms
Max. working voltage for insulation ^①	370 V
Max. working voltage for insulation with lens	670 V
Insulation test voltage	1.74 kV
CTI of the printed circuit board	> 600
ESD classification	Severity level 4
Risk group (IEC 62471) ^②	RG0
Classification acc. to IEC 62031	Built-in
Type of protection	IP00
Lumen maintenance L70B50	100,000 h
Guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)	8 Year(s)

Approval marks**Standards**

IEC 62031, IEC 62778, IEC 62471, IEC 61000-4-2, IEC 60068-2-52, UL 8750, GR-63-CORE

Specific technical data

Type	Article number	Useful luminous flux at tp = 25 °C ^③	Expected luminous flux at tp rated ^④	Typ. forward current	Min. forward voltage at tp rated	Max. forward voltage at tp = 25 °C	Power consumption Pon at tp = 25 °C ^⑤	Efficacy of the module at tp = 25 °C	Expected efficacy of the module at tp rated
RLE 2x4 2000lm EXC2 OTD – Operating mode HE									
RLE 2x4 2000lm AMB HP EXC2 OTD	28003869	–	1,260 lm	500 mA	20.1 V	26.0 V	–	–	112 lm/W
RLE 2x4 2000lm EXC2 OTD – Operating mode NM									
RLE 2x4 2000lm AMB HP EXC2 OTD	28003869	1,850 lm	1,690 lm	700 mA	20.8 V	26.7 V	16.2 W	111 lm/W	104 lm/W
RLE 2x4 2000lm EXC2 OTD – Operating mode HO									
RLE 2x4 2000lm AMB HP EXC2 OTD	28003869	–	2,360 lm	1,050 mA	21.5 V	27.4 V	–	–	95 lm/W
RLE 2x8 4000lm EXC2 OTD – Operating mode HE									
RLE 2x8 4000lm AMB HP EXC2 OTD	28003870	–	2,530 lm	500 mA	40.3 V	52.0 V	–	–	112 lm/W
RLE 2x8 4000lm EXC2 OTD – Operating mode NM									
RLE 2x8 4000lm AMB HP EXC2 OTD	28003870	3,700 lm	3,370 lm	700 mA	41.5 V	53.3 V	32.4 W	111 lm/W	104 lm/W
RLE 2x8 4000lm EXC2 OTD – Operating mode HO									
RLE 2x8 4000lm AMB HP EXC2 OTD	28003870	–	4,730 lm	1,050 mA	42.9 V	54.8 V	–	–	95 lm/W

① If mounted with M3 screws.

② Measured at Imax.

③ Tolerance of useful light flux - 0 % / + 15 %. Measurement uncertainty ± 10 %.

④ Tolerance of expected light flux - 0 % / + 15 %. Measurement uncertainty ± 10 %. Based on calculation.

⑤ Tolerance of power consumption Pon ± 10 %. Measurement uncertainty ± 5 %.

1. Standards

EC 62031
IEC 62778
IEC 62471
IEC 61000-4-2
IEC 60068-2-52
UL 8750 (for dry and damp locations)
GR-63-CORE

1.1 Photometric code

Key for photometric code, e. g. 830 / 579

1 st digit	2 nd + 3 rd digit	4 th digit	5 th digit	6 th digit
Code	CRI	Colour temperature in Kelvin x 100	MacAdam after 25% of the lifetime (max.6000h)	Luminous flux after 25% of the lifetime (max.6000h)
7	70 – 79	MacAdam initial	(max.6000h)	Code
8	80 – 89			7
9	≥90			8
				9

1.2 Energy classification

Type	Forward current	Energy classification	Energy consumption
RLE 2x4 2000lm AMB HP EXC2 OTD	700 mA	n. a.	n. a.
RLE 2x8 4000lm AMB HP EXC2 OTD	700 mA	n. a.	n. a.

Energy label and further information at www.tridonic.com in the certificates tab of the corresponding product page and at the EPREL data base <https://eprel.ec.europa.eu/>

2. Thermal details

2.1 tc point, ambient temperature and lifetime

The temperature at tp reference point is crucial for the light output and lifetime of a LED product.

For RLE a tp temperature of 75 °C has to be complied in order to achieve an optimum between heat sink requirements, light output and lifetime.

Compliance with the maximum permissible reference temperature at the tc point must be checked under operating conditions in a thermally stable state. The maximum value must be determined under worst-case conditions for the relevant application.

The tc and tp temperature of LED modules from Tridonic are measured at the same reference point.

2.2 Storage and humidity

Storage temperature	-40 ... +80 °C
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Operation only in non condensing environment.

Humidity during processing of the module should be between 0 to 70 %.

2.3 Thermal design and heat sink

The rated life of LED products depends to a large extent on the temperature. If the permissible temperature limits are exceeded, the life of the RLE will be greatly reduced or the RLE may be destroyed.

2.4 Heat sink values

RLE 2x4 2000lm EXC2 OTD

ta	tp	Forward current	R _{th, hs-a}	Cooling area
25 °C	75 °C	500 mA	6.14 K/W	109 cm²
25 °C	75 °C	700 mA	4.24 K/W	157 cm²
25 °C	75 °C	1,050 mA	2.60 K/W	257 cm²
35 °C	75 °C	500 mA	4.91 K/W	136 cm²
35 °C	75 °C	700 mA	3.39 K/W	197 cm²
35 °C	75 °C	1,050 mA	2.08 K/W	321 cm²
40 °C	75 °C	500 mA	4.29 K/W	155 cm²
40 °C	75 °C	700 mA	2.96 K/W	225 cm²
40 °C	75 °C	1,050 mA	1.82 K/W	367 cm²
45 °C	75 °C	500 mA	3.68 K/W	181 cm²
45 °C	75 °C	700 mA	2.54 K/W	263 cm²
45 °C	75 °C	1,050 mA	1.55 K/W	429 cm²
50 °C	75 °C	500 mA	3.06 K/W	218 cm²
50 °C	75 °C	700 mA	2.12 K/W	315 cm²
50 °C	75 °C	1,050 mA	1.29 K/W	515 cm²
55 °C	75 °C	500 mA	2.45 K/W	272 cm²
55 °C	75 °C	700 mA	1.69 K/W	394 cm²
55 °C	75 °C	1,050 mA	1.03 K/W	645 cm²
60 °C	75 °C	500 mA	1.84 K/W	363 cm²
60 °C	75 °C	700 mA	1.27 K/W	527 cm²
60 °C	75 °C	1,050 mA	0.77 K/W	862 cm²

RLE 2x8 4000lm EXC2 OTD

ta	tp	Forward current	R _{th, hs-a}	Cooling area
25 °C	75 °C	500 mA	3.07 K/W	217 cm²
25 °C	75 °C	700 mA	2.11 K/W	317 cm²
25 °C	75 °C	1,050 mA	1.30 K/W	513 cm²
35 °C	75 °C	500 mA	2.45 K/W	272 cm²
35 °C	75 °C	700 mA	1.68 K/W	396 cm²
35 °C	75 °C	1,050 mA	1.04 K/W	642 cm²
40 °C	75 °C	500 mA	2.15 K/W	311 cm²
40 °C	75 °C	700 mA	1.47 K/W	453 cm²
40 °C	75 °C	1,050 mA	0.91 K/W	735 cm²
45 °C	75 °C	500 mA	1.84 K/W	363 cm²
45 °C	75 °C	700 mA	1.26 K/W	528 cm²
45 °C	75 °C	1,050 mA	0.78 K/W	858 cm²
50 °C	75 °C	500 mA	1.53 K/W	435 cm²
50 °C	75 °C	700 mA	1.05 K/W	634 cm²
50 °C	75 °C	1,050 mA	0.65 K/W	1,030 cm²
55 °C	75 °C	500 mA	1.22 K/W	544 cm²
55 °C	75 °C	700 mA	0.84 K/W	794 cm²
55 °C	75 °C	1,050 mA	0.52 K/W	1,290 cm²
60 °C	75 °C	500 mA	0.92 K/W	727 cm²
60 °C	75 °C	700 mA	0.63 K/W	1,060 cm²
60 °C	75 °C	1,050 mA	0.39 K/W	1,724 cm²

Notes

The actual cooling surface can differ because of the material, the structural shape, outside influences and the installation situation. Depending on the heat sink a heat conducting paste or heat conducting film might be necessary to keep the specified tp temperature.

3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Electrical supply/choice of LED driver

RLE modules from Tridonic are not protected against overvoltages, overcurrents, overloads or short-circuit currents. Safe and reliable operation can only be guaranteed in conjunction with a LED driver which complies with the relevant standards. The use of LED driver from Tridonic in combination with RLE modules guarantees the necessary protection for safe and reliable operation.

If a LED driver other than Tridonic is used, it must provide the following protection:

- Short-circuit protection
- Overload protection
- Overtemperature protection



RLE modules must be supplied by a constant current LED driver. Operation with a constant voltage LED driver will lead to an irreversible damage of the module.

If RLE modules are wired in parallel and a wire breaks or a complete module fails then the current passing through the other module increases. This may reduce its life considerably. In addition there can be slight differences in light output caused by tolerances.

RLE modules can be operated either from SELV LED drivers or from LED drivers with LV output voltage.



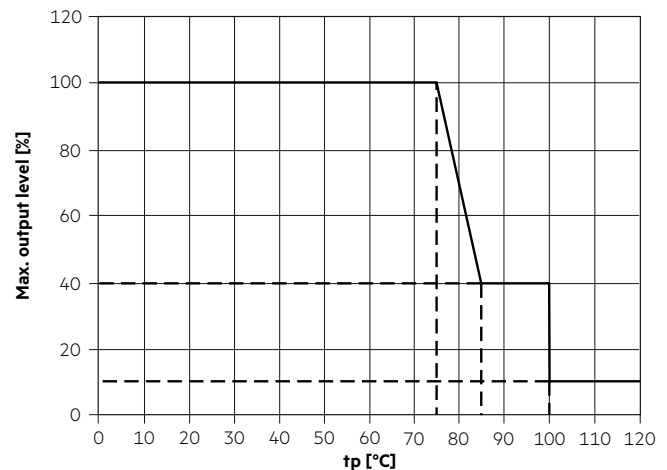
RLE modules are basic insulated up to 370 V if mounted with M3 screws or 670 V if mounted with M3 screws and lens (e.g. LEDiL Strada 2x2) against ground and can be mounted directly on earthed metal parts of the luminaire. If the max. output voltage of the LED driver (also against earth) is above 370 V / 670 V, an additional insulation between LED module and heat sink is required (for example by insulated thermal pads) or by a suitable luminaire construction. At voltages > 60 V an additional protection against direct touch (test finger) to the light emitting side of the module has to be guaranteed. This is typically achieved by means of a non removable light distributor over the module.

3.2 Integrated protection

The basic protection level consists of protection against reverse polarity and an NTC for overtemperature protection of the module.

The NTC is designed to work with the LCO EXC3 drivers supporting NTC functionality (for more details see LED driver data sheet).

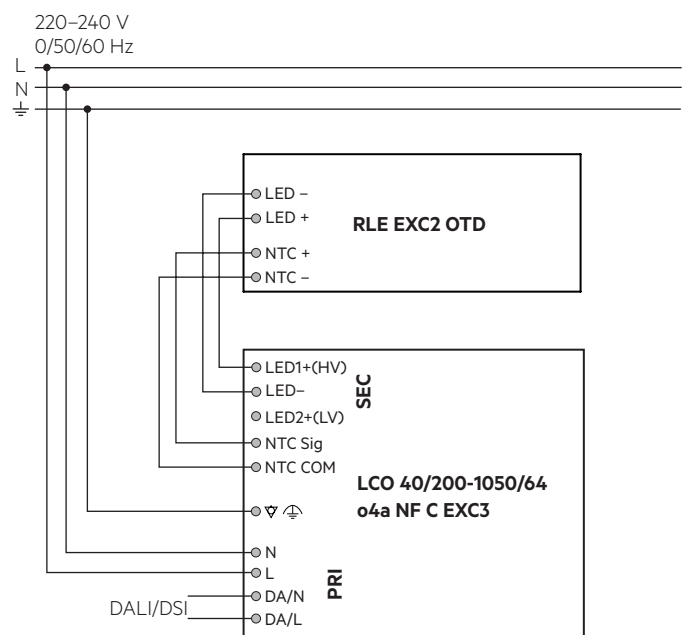
NTC type: 100kΩ / 4100K



3.3 Wiring

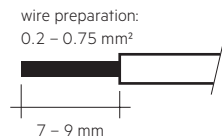


3.4 Wiring examples



3.5 Wiring type and cross section

For wiring use stranded wire with ferrules or solid wire from 0.2 to 0.75 mm².
For the push-wire connection you have to strip the insulation (7–9 mm).



Inserting stranded wires / removing wires by lightly pressing on the push button.

3.6 Mounting instruction



None of the components of the RLE (substrate, LED, electronic components etc.) may be exposed to tensile or compressive stresses.

Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm.

The LED modules are mounted onto a heat sink with M3 screws per module.



Chemical substance may harm the LED module. Chemical reactions could lead to colour shift, reduced luminous flux or a total failure of the module caused by corrosion of electrical connections.

Materials which are used in LED applications (e.g. sealings, adhesives) must not produce dissolver gas. They must not be condensation curing based, acetate curing based or contain sulfur, chlorine or phthalate.

Avoid corrosive atmosphere during usage and storage.

3.7 EOS/ESD safety guidelines



The device / module contains components that are sensitive to electrostatic discharge and may only be installed in the factory and on site if appropriate EOS/ESD protection measures have been taken. No special measures need be taken for devices/modules with enclosed casings (contact with the pc board not possible), just normal installation practice. Please note the requirements set out in the document EOS / ESD guidelines (Guideline_EOS_ESD.pdf) at: <http://www.tridonic.com/esd-protection>

4. Lifetime

4.1 Lifetime, lumen maintenance and failure rate

The light output of an LED module decreases over the lifetime, this is characterized with the L value.

L70 means that the LED module will give 70 % of its initial luminous flux. This value is always related to the number of operation hours and therefore defines the lifetime of an LED module.

As the L value is a statistical value and the lumen maintenance may vary over the delivered LED modules.

The B value defines the amount of modules which are below the specific L value, e.g. L70B10 means 10 % of the LED modules are below 70 % of the initial luminous flux, respectively 90 % will be above 70 % of the initial value. In addition the percentage of failed modules (fatal failure) is characterized by the C value.

The F value is the combination of the B and C value. That means for F degradation and complete failures are considered, e.g. L70F10 means 10 % of the LED modules may fail or be below 70 % of the initial luminous flux.

Operation below 200 mA may reduce lumen maintenance.

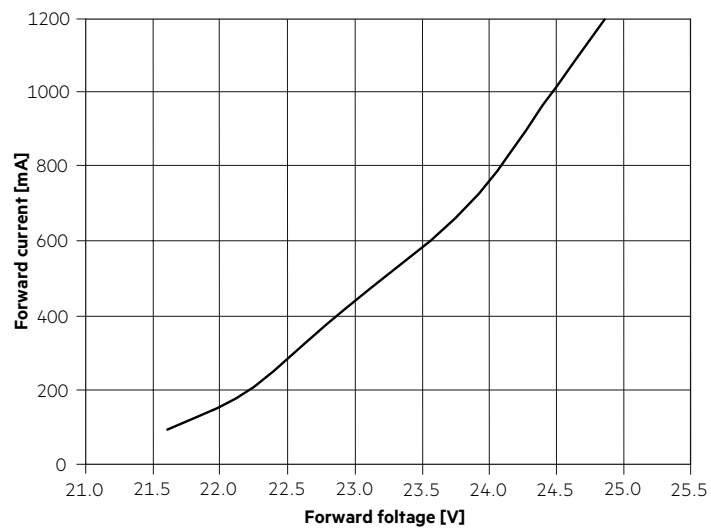
4.2 Lumen maintenance

Typ.	tp						
forward current	tempera- ture	L90 / B10	L90 / B50	L80 / B10	L80 / B50	L70 / B10	L70 / B50
500 mA	55 °C	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	60 °C	91k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	65 °C	77k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	70 °C	64k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	75 °C	54k h	95k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	80 °C	45k h	80k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	85 °C	38k h	67k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	90 °C	32kh	56k h	87k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	95 °C	27k h	47k h	75k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	100 °C	22k h	39k h	65k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
700 mA	55 °C	95k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	60 °C	79k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	65 °C	67k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	70 °C	56k h	98k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	75 °C	47k h	82k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	80 °C	39k h	69k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	85 °C	33k h	58k h	90k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	90 °C	27k h	48k h	77k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	95 °C	23k h	41k h	67k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	100 °C	19k h	34kh	58k h	98k h	>100k h	>100k h
1,050 mA	55 °C	67k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	60 °C	56k h	98k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	65 °C	47k h	82k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	70 °C	39k h	69k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	75 °C	33k h	58k h	90k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	80 °C	27k h	48k h	78k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	85 °C	23k h	41k h	67k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	90 °C	20k h	35k h	60k h	>100k h	>100k h	>100k h
	95 °C	17k h	29k h	52k h	87k h	91k h	>100k h
	100 °C	15k h	25k h	45k h	75k h	79k h	>100k h

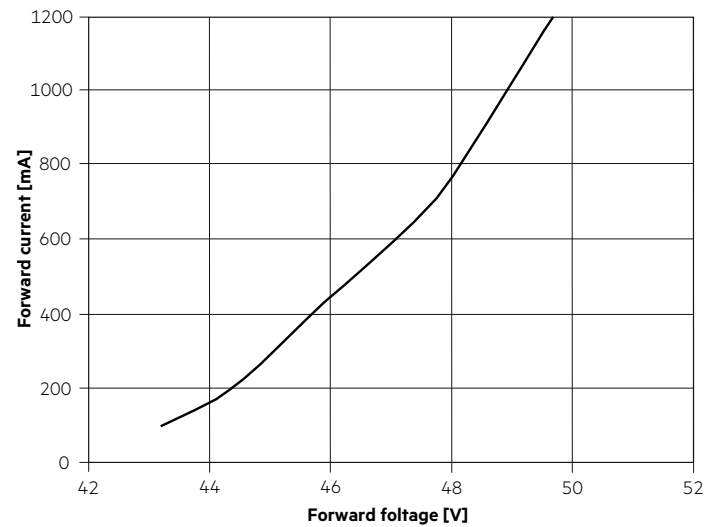
5. Electrical values

5.1 Typ. forward voltage vs. forward current

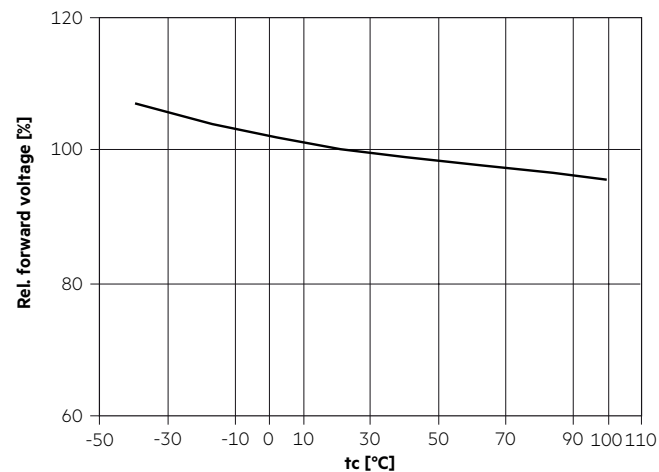
RLE 2x4 2000lm xxx HP EXC2 OTD



RLE 2x8 4000lm xxx HP EXC2 OTD



5.2 Forward voltage vs. tc temperature



The diagrams are based on statistic values.
The real values can be different.

6. Photometric characteristics

6.1 Coordinates and tolerances according to CIE 1931

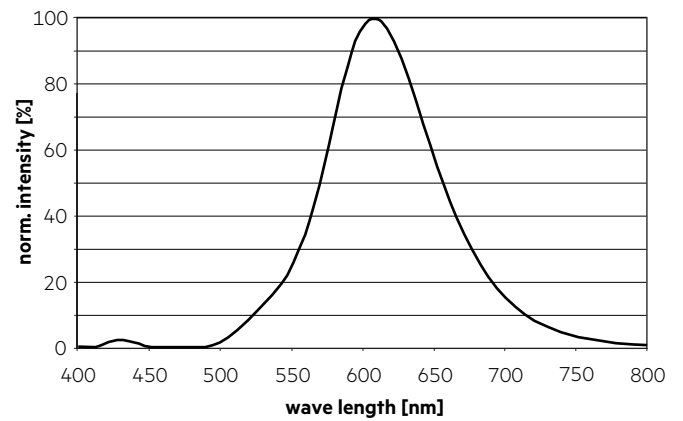
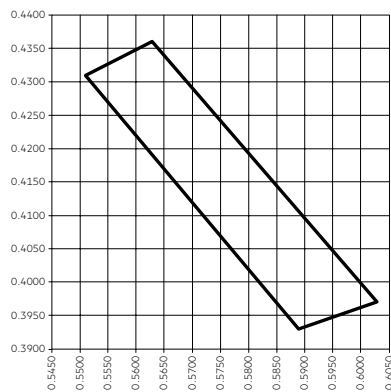
The specified colour coordinates are integral measured by current impulse of 700 mA and a duration of 100 ms.

The ambient temperature of the measurement is $t_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

The measurement tolerance of the colour coordinates are ± 0.01 .

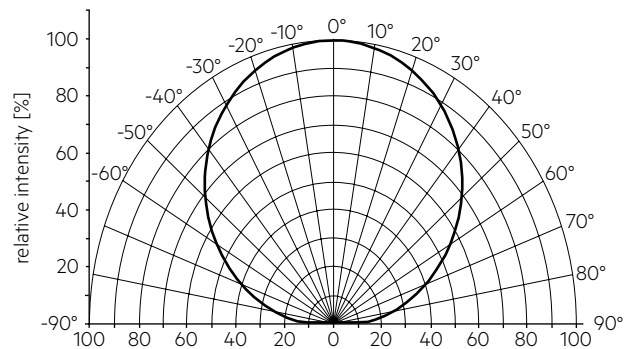
Amber

x	0.603	0.563	0.551	0.589
y	0.397	0.436	0.431	0.393

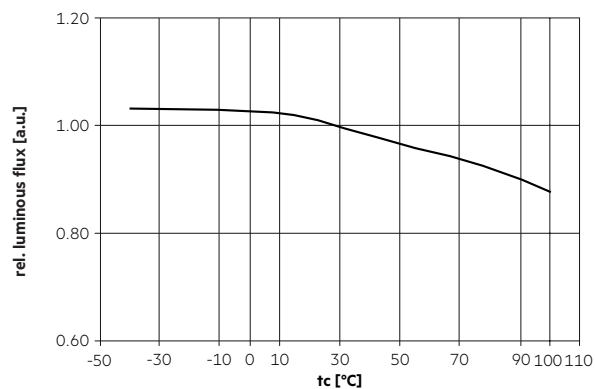


6.2 Light distribution

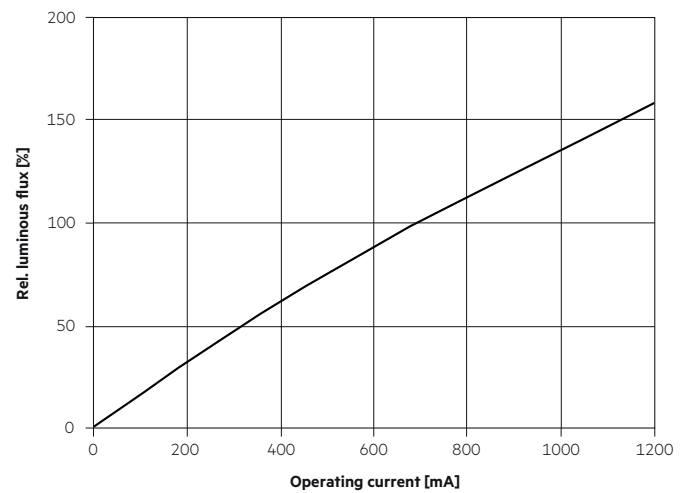
RLE OTD modules are designed to be compatible with 50 x 50 mm lense arrays with 25.4 mm pitch distance. This allows multiple light distributions.



6.3 Relative luminous flux vs. tc temperature



6.4 Relative luminous flux vs. operating current



The diagrams are based on statistic values.
The real values can be different.

7. Miscellaneous

7.1 Additional information

Additional technical information at www.tridonic.com → Technical Data

Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim.