

Driver LC 50/60W 1200/700/1400mA fixC C SNC

essence series

**Product description**

- _ Fixed output built-in LED driver
- _ Constant current LED driver
- _ For luminaires of protection class I and protection class II
- _ Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
- _ KC certificate for LC 60W 1400mA fixC C SNC
- _ Output current 1,200, 700 or 1,400 mA
- _ Max. output power 50 or 60 W
- _ KC approval mark for art. no.: 87500568 and 87500570.
- _ Nominal lifetime up to 50,000 h
- _ 5 years guarantee (conditions at <https://www.tridonic.com/manufacture-guarantee-conditions>)

Housing properties

- _ Casing: polycarbonate, white
- _ Type of protection IP20

Functions

- _ Overtemperature protection
- _ Overload protection
- _ Short-circuit protection
- _ No-load protection

Website

<http://www.tridonic.com/87500568>



Spotlights



Downlights



Linear



Area



Floor | Wall



Free-standing



Street



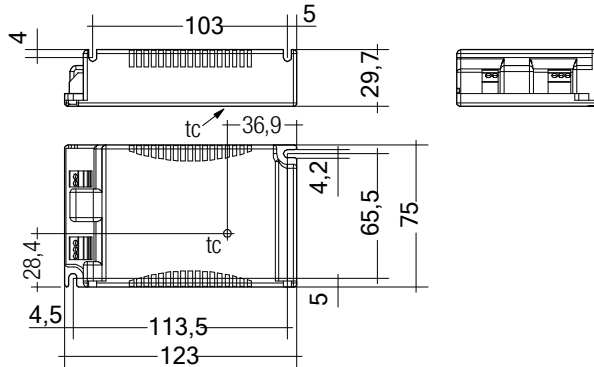
Decorative



High bay

Driver LC 50/60W 1200/700/1400mA fixC C SNC

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Ordering data

Type	Article number	Packaging, carton	Packaging, low volume	Packaging, high volume	Weight per pc.
LC 50W 1200mA fixC C SNC	87500568	30 pc(s).	450 pc(s).	2,250 pc(s).	0.151 kg
LC 60W 700mA fixC C SNC	87500569	30 pc(s).	450 pc(s).	2,250 pc(s).	0.147 kg
LC 60W 1400mA fixC C SNC	87500570	30 pc(s).	450 pc(s).	2,250 pc(s).	0.156 kg

Technical data

Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Overvoltage protection	320 V AC, 1 h
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 20 %
Output current tolerance ^①	± 7.5 %
Typ. current ripple (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	± 30 %
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.2 s
Hold on time at power failure (output)	0 s
Ambient temperature <i>t</i> _a	-20 ... +50 °C
Ambient temperature <i>t</i> _a (at lifetime 50,000 h)	40 °C
Storage temperature <i>t</i> _s	-40 ... +80 °C
Type of protection	IP20
Lifetime	up to 50,000 h
Guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)	5 Year(s)
Dimensions L x W x H	123 x 75 x 29.7 mm

Approval marks



Standards

EN 55015, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, EN 61347-1, EN 61347-2-13, EN 61547

Specific technical data

Type	Output current ^①	Input current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	Max. input power	Typ. power consumption (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	Output power range	λ at full load	Efficiency at full load ^②	λ over full operating range (min.)	Efficiency at min. load ^③	Min. forward voltage	Max. forward voltage	Max. output voltage (U-OUT)	Max. peak output current at full load ^③	Max. peak output current at min. load ^③	Max. casing temperature <i>t</i> _c
LC 50W 1200mA fixC C SNC	1200 mA	260 mA	58 W	55.5 W	36 – 51.6 W	0.96	90 %	0.92C	88 %	30 V	43 V	55 V	1,700 mA	1,800 mA	82 °C
LC 60W 700mA fixC C SNC	700 mA	290 mA	68 W	66.0 W	42 – 59.5 W	0.96	91 %	0.94C	89 %	60 V	85 V	100 V	1,000 mA	1,100 mA	85 °C
LC 60W 1400mA fixC C SNC	1,400 mA	300 mA	68 W	66.5 W	42 – 60.2 W	0.96	90 %	0.94C	88 %	30 V	43 V	55 V	2,000 mA	2,100 mA	88 °C

① Output current is mean value.

② Test result at 230 V, 50 Hz.

③ The trend between min. and full load is linear.

Standards

EN 55015
 EN 61000-3-2
 EN 61000-3-3
 EN 61347-1
 EN 61347-2-13
 EN 61547

Overload protection

If the maximum load is exceeded by a defined internal limit, the LED driver will protect itself and LED may flicker. After elimination of the overload, the nominal operation is restored automatically.

Overtemperature protection

The LED driver is protected against temporary thermal overheating. If the temperature limit is exceeded, the output current is reduced to limit t_c at a certain level.

The temperature protection is activated typically at 10 °C above t_c max.

Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the secondary side (LED) the LED driver switches into hic-cup mode. After elimination of the short-circuit fault the LED driver will recover automatically.

No-load operation

The LED driver works in burst working mode to provide a constant output voltage regulation which allows the application to be able to work safely when LED string opens due to a failure.

Expected lifetime

Type	t_a	40 °C	50 °C	60 °C
LC 50W 1200mA fixC C SNC	t_c	70 °C	82 °C	x
	Lifetime	50,000 h	30,000 h	x
LC 60W 700mA fixC C SNC	t_c	75 °C	85 °C	x
	Lifetime	50,000 h	30,000 h	x
LC 60W 1400mA fixC C SNC	t_c	75 °C	88 °C	x
	Lifetime	50,000 h	30,000 h	x

The LED drivers are designed for a lifetime stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim.

The relation of t_c to t_a temperature depends also on the luminaire design. If the measured t_c temperature is approx. 5 K below t_c max., t_a temperature should be checked and eventually critical components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush current	
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	I_{max}	Time
LC 50W 1200mA fixC C SNC	35	45	60	80	35	45	60	80	10 A	50 µs
LC 60W 700mA fixC C SNC	25	35	45	55	25	35	45	55	12 A	50 µs
LC 60W 1400mA fixC C SNC	25	35	45	55	25	35	45	55	12 A	50 µs

These are max. values calculated out of continuous current running the device on full load.

There is no limitation due to inrush current.

If load is smaller than full load for calculation only continuous current has to be considered.

Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LC 50W 1200mA fixC C SNC	< 20	< 12	< 4	< 2	< 2	< 2
LC 60W 700mA fixC C SNC	< 20	< 12	< 4	< 2	< 2	< 2
LC 60W 1400mA fixC C SNC	< 20	< 12	< 4	< 2	< 2	< 2

Glow-wire test

according to EN 61347-1 with increased temperature of 850 °C passed.

Mounting of device

Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm/M4

Conditions of use and storage

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 85 %,
 not condensed
 (max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (t_a) before they can be operated.

Installation instructions

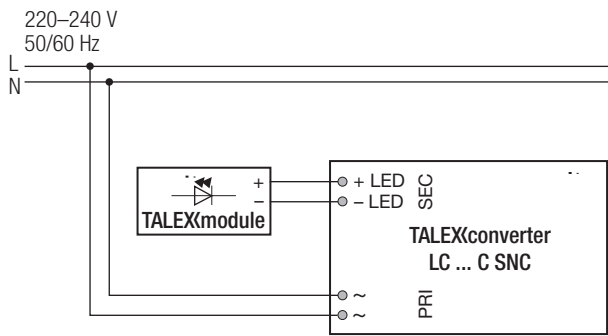
The LED module and all contact points within the wiring must be sufficiently insulated against 3 kV surge voltage.

Air and creepage distance must be maintained.

Replace LED module

1. Mains off
2. Remove LED module
3. Wait for 10 seconds
4. Connect LED module again

Hot plug-in or secondary switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

Wiring diagram**Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires**

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with 500 V_{DC} for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal. The insulation resistance must be at least 2 MΩ.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V_{AC} (or 1.414 x 1500 V_{DC}). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

Conditions of use

The LED driver is declared as inbuilt LED controlgear, meaning it is intended to be used within a luminaire enclosure.

If the product is used outside a luminaire, the installation must provide suitable protection for people and environment (e.g. in illuminated ceilings).

Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles.

Additional information

Additional technical information at www.tridonic.com → Technical Data

Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.

Wiring type and cross section

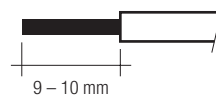
For wiring use stranded wire with ferrules from 0.5 – 1.5 mm² or with solid wire from 0.5 – 2.5 mm².

Strip 9 – 10 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals.

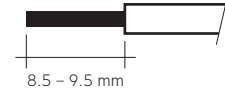
For wiring use stranded wire with ferrules or solid wire from 0.5 – 1.5 mm². Strip 8.5 – 9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals.

Input wiring

wire preparation:
Solid: 0.5 – 2.5 mm²
Fine-stranded: 0.5 – 1.5 mm²

**Output wiring**

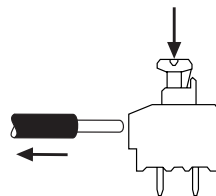
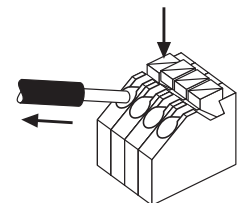
wire preparation:
0.5 – 1.5 mm²

**Wiring guidelines**

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED driver and other leads (ideally 5 – 10 cm distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- Secondary switching is not permitted.
- Incorrect wiring can damage LED modules.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

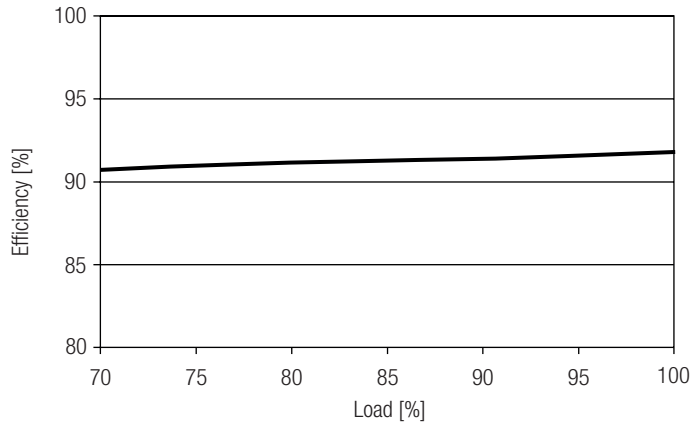
Release of the wiring

Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.

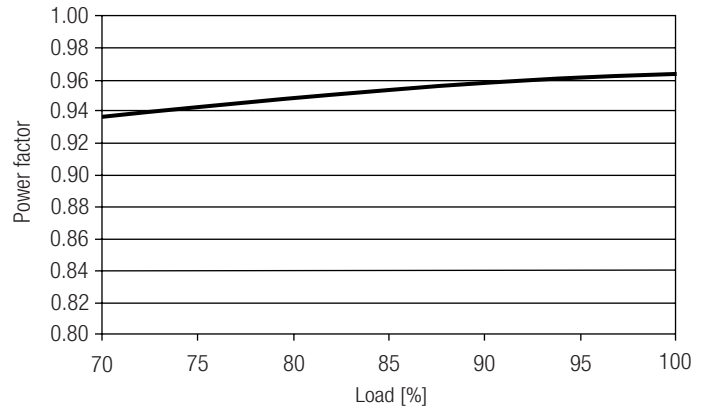
Input terminal**Output terminal**

Diagrams LC 50W 1200mA fixC C SNC

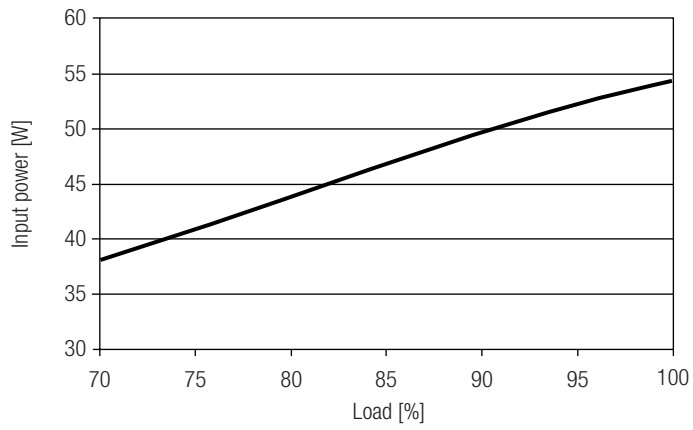
Efficiency vs load



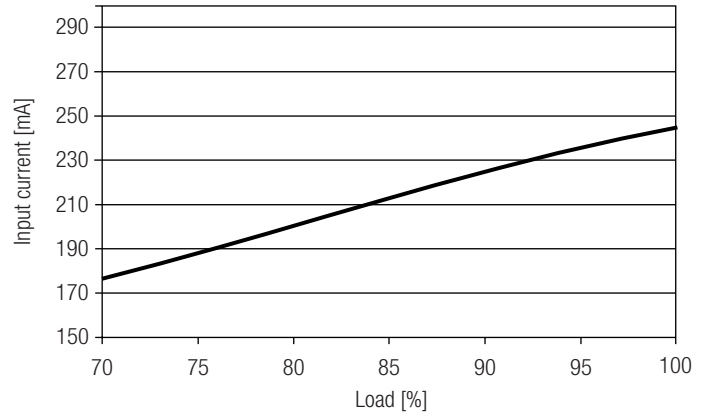
Power factor vs load



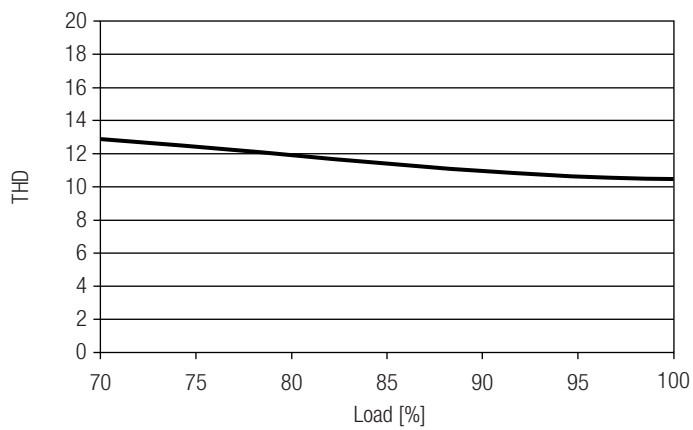
Input power vs load



Input current vs load

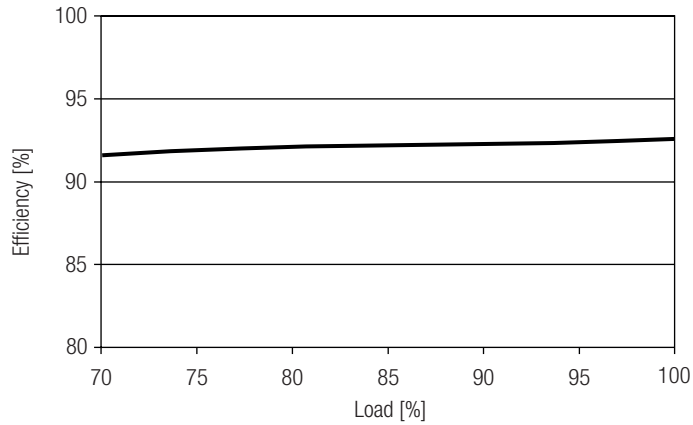


THD vs load

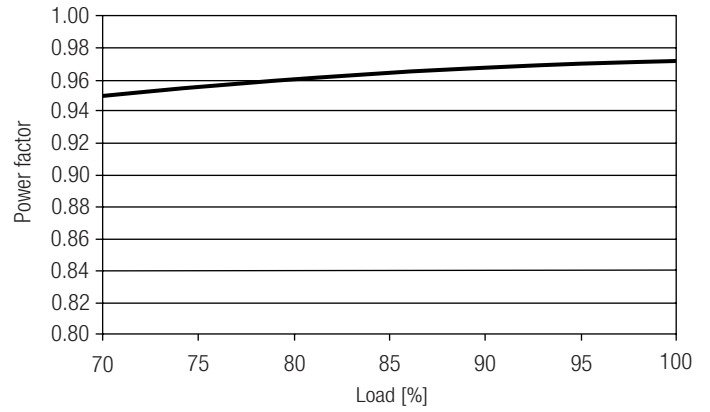


Diagrams LC 60W 700mA fixC C SNC

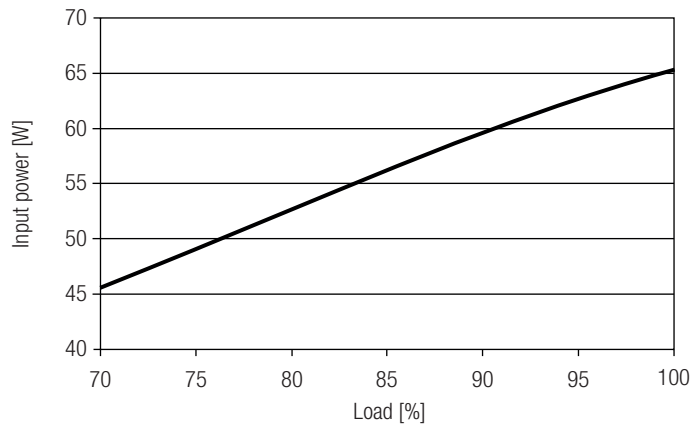
Efficiency vs load



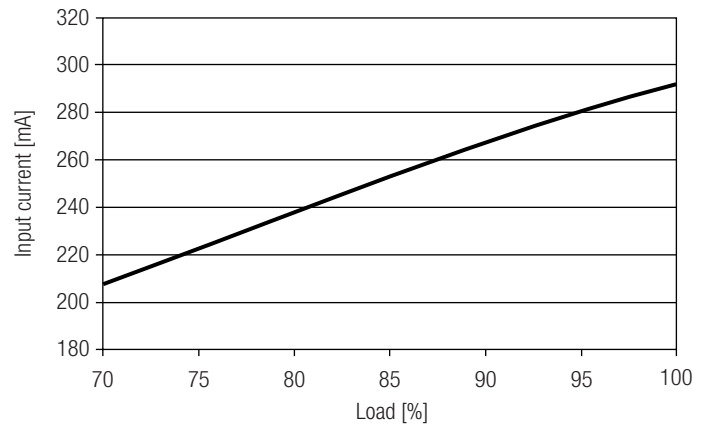
Power factor vs load



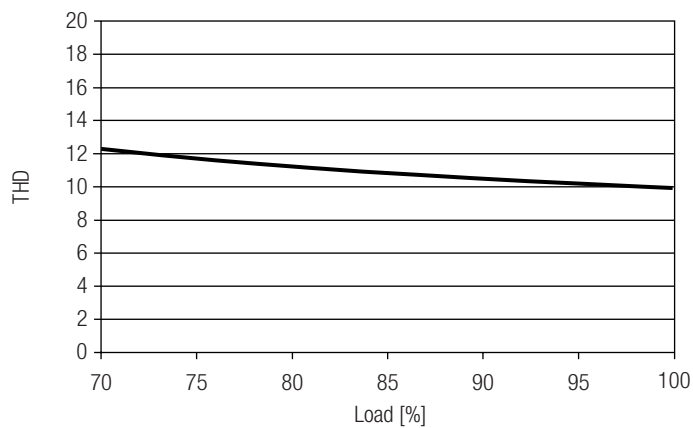
Input power vs load



Input current vs load

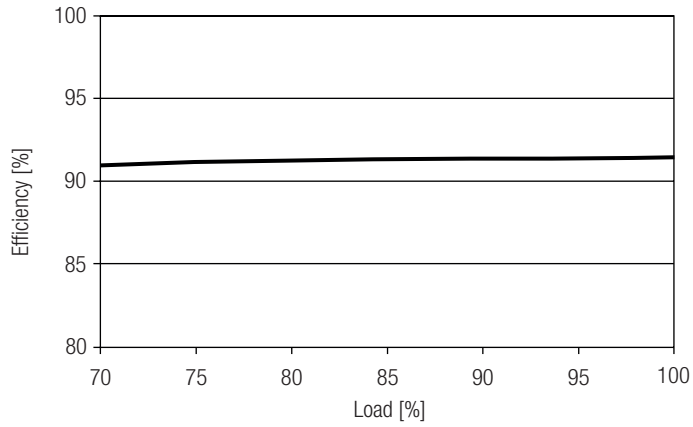


THD vs load

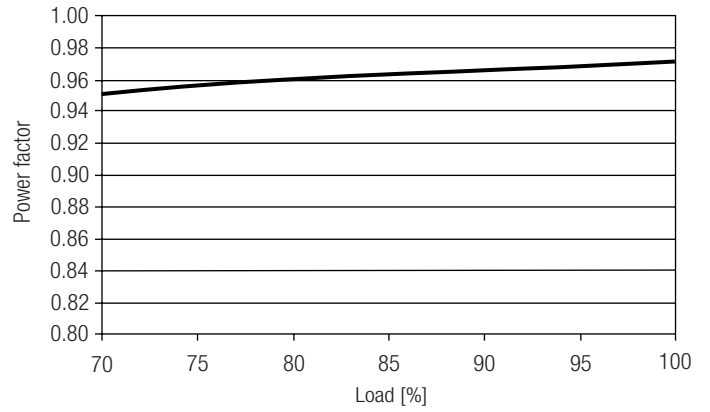


Diagrams LC 60W 1400mA fixC C SNC

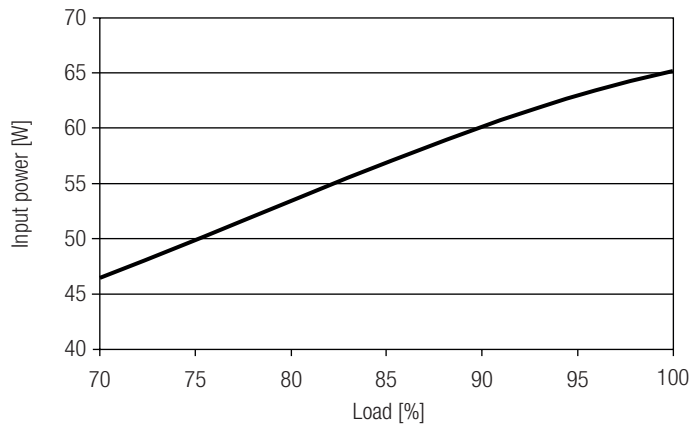
Efficiency vs load



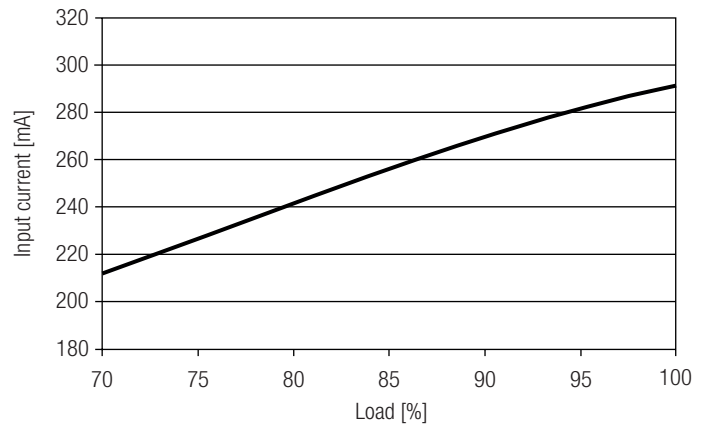
Power factor vs load



Input power vs load



Input current vs load



THD vs load

