TRIDONIC

Driver LC 15W 300/350mA fixC SR SNC2

essence series



Product description

- _ Independent driver with strain-relief housing
- _ Extra flat housing for constrained installation conditions (small ceiling cut outs and low ceiling voids)
- $_$ For luminaires with M and MM as per EN 60598, VDE 0710 and VDE 0711
- _ Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
- _ Output current 300 or 350 mA
- _ Max. output power 15 W
- _ Nominal lifetime up to 50,000 h
- _ 5 years guarantee (conditions at

 $\underline{\text{https://www.tridonic.com/manufacturer-guarantee-conditions)}}$

Housing properties

- _ Casing: polycarbonate, white
- _ Type of protection IP20
- _ Push-in terminals
- _ 2 separate strain relief parts for input and output cables with highly robust clamps

Functions

- _ Overload protection
- _ Short-circuit protection
- _ No-load protection
- _ No output current overshoot at mains on/off
- _ Burst protection voltage 1 kV
- _ Surge protection voltage 0.5 kV (L to N)
- _ Surge protection voltage 1 kV (L/N to earth)

Typical applications

- _ For spot light and downlight in retail and hospitality applications
- _ For panel light and area light in office and education application

Website

http://www.tridonic.com/87500746











Linear















Sportigins

Downlights

Area

Floor | Wall

Free-standing

Street

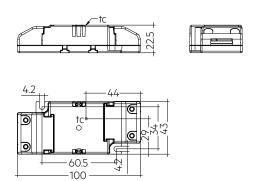
Decorative

High bay



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Туре	Article number	Packaging, carton	Packaging, low volume	Packaging, high volume	Weight per pc.
LC 15/300/50 fixC SR SNC2	87500746	39 pc(s).	819 pc(s).	5,733 pc(s).	0.058 kg
LC 15/350/43 fixC SR SNC2	87500747	39 pc(s).	819 pc(s).	5,733 pc(s).	0.058 kg

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r cermical data	
Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Overvoltage protection	320 V AC, 1 h
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 110 %
Output current tolerance ®	± 7.5 %
Typical output LF current ripple at full load	± 5 %
Output P_ST_LM (at full load)	≤1
Output SVM (at full load)	≤ 0.4
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Hold on time at power failure	0 s
Ambient temperature ta	-25 +50 °C
Ambient temperature ta (at lifetime 50,000 h)	40 °C
Storage temperature ts	-40 +80 °C
Type of protection	IP20
Lifetime	up to 50,000 h
Guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)	5 Year(s)
Dimensions L x W x H	100 x 43 x 22.5 mm

Approval marks



Standards

EN55015, EN 60598-1, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, EN 61347-1, EN 61347-2-13, EN 61547, EN 62384

Specific technical data

Туре	Output current	Input current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load	Max. input power	Typ. power consumptio n (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full	Output power range	λ at full load	Efficiency at full load	λ over full operating range (min.)	Efficiency at min. load	Min. forward voltage	Max. forward voltage	Max. output voltage (U- OUT)	Max. peak output current	Max. casing temperature tc
LC 15/300/50 fixC SR SNC2	300 mA	145 mA	18 W	17.7 W	8.4 - 15.0 W	0.55C	87 %	0.55C	85 %	28 V	50 V	85 V	340 mA	80 °C
LC 15/350/43 fixC SR SNC2	350 mA	145 mA	18 W	17.7 W	8.8 - 15.1 W	0.55C	86 %	0.55C	84 %	25 V	43 V	85 V	400 mA	80 °C

① Output current is mean value.

² Test result at 230 V, 50 Hz.

 $[\]ensuremath{\mathfrak{B}}$ The trend between min. and full load is linear.

1. Standards

EN 55015

EN 61000-3-2

EN 61000-3-3

EN 61347-1

EN 61347-2-13

EN 61547

EN 60598-1

EN 62384

1.1 Glow wire test

according to EN 60598-1 with increased temperature of 850 °C passed.

2. Thermal details and lifetime

2.1 Expected lifetime

Expected lifetime			
Туре	ta	40 °C	50 °C
LC 15/300/50 fixC SR SNC2	tc	70 ℃	80 °C
EC 13/300/30 fixe SR SRC2	Lifetime	50,000 h	30,000 h
LC 15/350/43 fixC SR SNC2	tc	70 ℃	80 °C
LC 13/330/43 TIXC 3K 3KC2	Lifetime	50,000 h	30,000 h

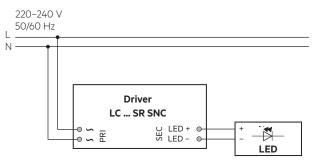
The LED drivers are designed for a lifetime stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design. If the measured tc temperature is approx. 5 K below tc max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical

components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Circuit diagram



3.2 Wiring type and cross section

For wiring use stranded wire with ferrules or solid wire from 0.5–1.5 mm². Strip 8.5–9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals.

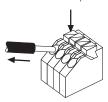
Use one wire for each terminal connector only.

The max. torque at the clamping screw (M3) is 0.3 Nm.



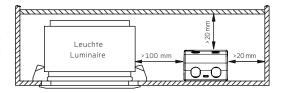
3.3 Release of the wiring

Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.



3.4 Fixing conditions when using as independent Driver with Clip-On

Dry, acidfree, oilfree, fatfree. It is not allowed to exceed the maximum ambient temperature (ta) stated on the device. Minimum distances stated below are recommendations and depend on the actual luminaire. Is not suitable for fixing in corner.



3.5 Wiring guidelines

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED driver and other leads (ideally 5 – 10 cm distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- To comply with the EMC regulations run the secondary wires (LED module) in parallel.
- Secondary switching is not permitted.
- Incorrect wiring can demage LED modules.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

3.6 Replace LED module

- 1. Mains off
- 2. Remove LED module
- 3. Wait for 10 seconds
- 4. Connect LED module again

Hot plug-in or secondary switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

3.7 Installation instructions

The LED module and all contact points within the wiring must be sufficiently insulated against 3 kV surge voltage.

Air and creepage distance must be maintained.

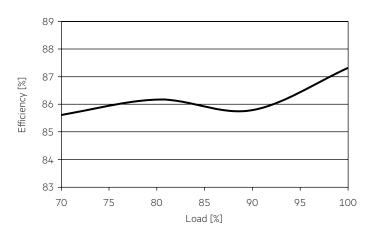
3.8 Mounting of device

Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm/M4

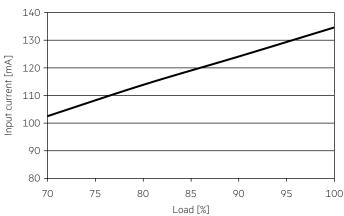
4. Electrical values

4.1 Diagrams LC 15W 300mA fixC SR SNC2

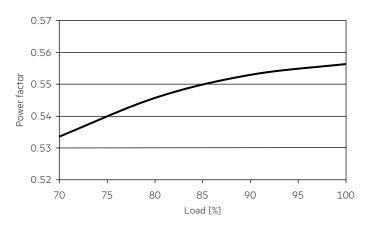
4.1.1 Efficiency vs load



4.1.4 Input current vs load

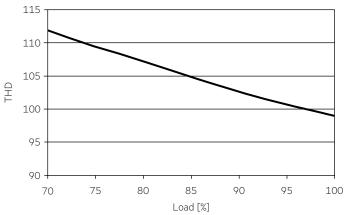


4.1.2 Power factor vs load

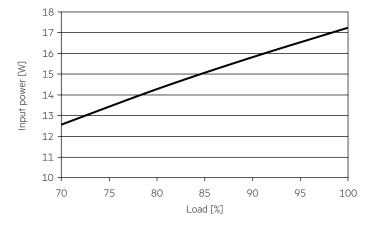


4.1.5 THD vs load

THD without harmonic < 5 mA (0.6 %) of the input current:

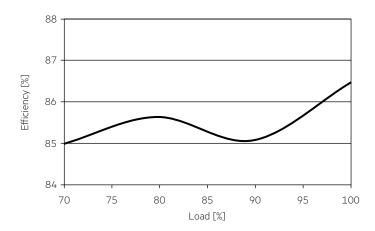


4.1.3 Input power vs load

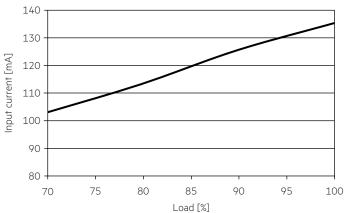


4.2 Diagrams LC 15W 350mA fixC SR SNC2

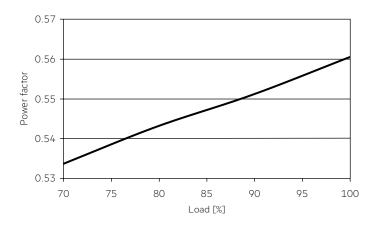
4.2.1 Efficiency vs load



4.2.4 Input current vs load

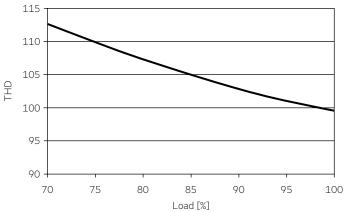


4.2.2 Power factor vs load

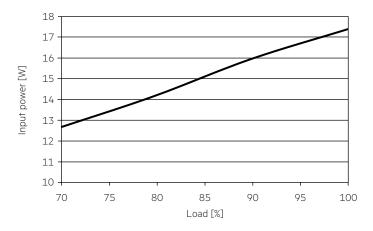


4.2.5 THD vs load

THD without harmonic < 5 mA (0.6 %) of the input current:



4.2.3 Input power vs load



4.3 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers

Automatic circuit									Inrus	h current
breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20		
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	$2.5\mathrm{mm}^2$	$2.5\mathrm{mm}^2$	Imax	Time
LC 15/300/50 fixC SR SNC2	52	67	85	104	32	41	50	62	14.5 A	114 µs
LC 15/350/43 fixC SR SNC2	52	67	85	104	32	41	50	62	14.5 A	114 µs

These are max. values calculated out of inrush current! Please consider not to exceed the maximum rated continuous current of the circuit breaker. Calculation uses typical values from ABB series S200 as a reference.

Actual values may differ due to used circuit breaker types and installation environment.

4.4 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LC 15/300/50 fixC SR SNC2	< 110	< 80	< 50	< 30	< 30	< 25
LC 15/350/43 fixC SR SNC2	< 110	< 80	< 50	< 30	< 30	< 25

Acc. to 6100-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

5. Functions

5.1 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the secondary side (LED) the LED driver switches into hic-cup mode. After elimination of the short-circuit fault the LED driver will recover automatically.

5.2 No-load operation

The LED driver works in burst working mode to provide a constant output voltage regulation which allows the application to be able to work safely when LED string opens due to a failure.

5.3 Overload protection

If the maximum load is exceeded by a defined internal limit, the LED driver will protect itself and LED may flicker. After elimination of the overload, the nominal operation is restored automatically.

6. Miscellaneous

6.1 Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with $500\,V_{DC}$ for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.

The insulation resistance must be at least $2 M\Omega$.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V $_{AC}$ (or 1.414 x 1500 V $_{DC}$). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

6.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity: 5% up to max. 85%,

not condensed

(max. 56 days/year at 85%)

Storage temperature: -40 $^{\circ}$ C up to max. +80 $^{\circ}$ C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

6.3 Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles.

6.4 Additional information

Additional technical information at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Technical Data

Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.