TRIDONIC

Driver LC 100W 24V lp SNC UNV

Constant voltage essence series (US applications)



Product description

- $_$ Constant voltage LED driver
- _ Universal input voltage range
- _ Class 2
- _ Type HL
- _ UL Listed Class P
- _ FCC Part 15
- _ Max. output power 99.6 W
- _ Nominal lifetime up to 50,000 h (at ta 45 °C)
- _ 5 years guarantee (conditions at
- https://www.tridonic.com/manufacturer-guarantee-conditions)

Housing properties

- _ Casing: metal, white
- _ Dry and damp location

Functions

- _ Overtemperature protection
- _ Overload protection
- _ Short-circuit protection
- _ No-load protection

Website

http://www.tridonic.com/28004374





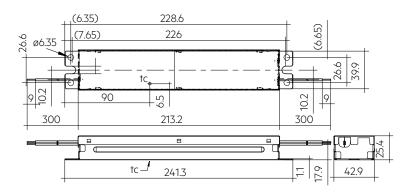


Data sheet 12/24-LC995-0 Subject to change without notice.

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Ordering data

LC 100/24V lp SNC UNV 28004374	10 pc(s).	960 pc(s).	0.47 kg
			0. 1 7 Kg
Fechnical data			
Rated supply voltage	120 – 277 V		
AC voltage range	108 – 305 V		
Rated current (at 120 V, 60 Hz, full load)	0.95 A		
Rated current (at 277 V, 60 Hz, full load)	0.45 A		
eakage current (at 120 V, 60 Hz, full load)	< 500 µA		
eakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 500 µA		
fains frequency	50 / 60 Hz		
Efficiency (at 120 V 60 Hz, full load)	> 88 %		
Efficiency (at 277 V 60 Hz, full load)	> 90 %		
(at 120 V, 60 Hz, full load)	0.98		
(at 277 V, 60 Hz, full load)	0.95		
Dutput voltage tolerance	23.5 – 24.5 V		
1ax. output power	99.6 W		
Dutput power range	0 – 99.6 W		
Dutput LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	< 4.2 %		
Starting time (output)	≤ 500 ms		
Furn off time (output)	≤ 10 ms		
Hold on time at power failure (output)	≤1ms		
1ains burst capability (between L - N)	1 kV		
1ains surge capability (between L - N)	2 kV		
1ains surge capability (between L/N - PE)	4 kV		
Surge voltage at output side (against PE)	< 500 V		
Ambient temperature ta	-40 +55 °C		
Ambient temperature ta (at lifetime 50,000 h)	45 °C		
Storage temperature ts	-40 +85 °C		
ifetime	up to 50,000	h	
Guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)	5 Year(s)		
Dimensions L x W x H	241.3 x 42.9 x	25.4 mm	
Hole spacing D	6.35 mm		

Approval marks

Standards

UL 8750, FCC PART 15

LED drivers

Universal wide voltage (UNV)

Specific technical data

Type	Max. casing temperatur e tc	Output voltage	Max. input power (at 120 V, 60 Hz, full load)	Max. input power (at 277 V, 60 Hz, full load)	Output current range	Max. output voltage (U- OUT) [®]
LC 100/24V lp SNC UNV	90 °C	24 V	113 W	110 W	0 – 4.15 A	25.2 V

① At failure mode.

1. Standards

UL8750 with class 2 output based on UL1310 FCC part 15, Class B $\,$

Product not designed for European Economic Area.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and

- $\ensuremath{\left(2\right)}$ this device must accept any interference received, including interference
- that may cause undesired operation.

2. Thermal details and lifetime

2.1 Expected lifetime

Expected lifetime

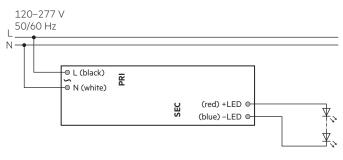
Туре	Output voltage	ta	86 °F (30 °C)	104 °F (40 °C)	113 °F (45 °C)
LC 100/24V lp SNC UNV	24 V	tc	158 °F (70 °C)	167 °F (75 °C)	176 °F (80 °C)
	24 V	Lifetime	> 100,000 h	> 75,000 h	> 50,000 h

The LED driver is designed for a lifetime stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

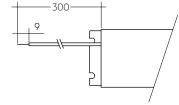
The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design. If the measured tc temperature is approx. 5 K below tc max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

3. Installation / Wiring

3.1 Wiring diagram







3.2 Wiring type and cross section

For wiring use stranded wire with ferrules. For perfect function of the terminals the strip length should be 9–10 mm for the terminal.

The maximum secondary cable length is 2 m. The LED wiring should be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMC.

3.3 Wiring guidelines

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED driver and other leads (ideally 5 10 cm distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- Incorrect wiring can damage LED modules.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

3.4 Hot plug-in

Hot plug-in or secondary switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high LED output current.

3.5 Replace LED module

1. Mains off

- 2. Remove LED module
- 3. Wait for 20 seconds
- 4. Connect LED module again

3.6 Earth connection

The earth connection is conducted as protection earth (PE). The LED driver can be earthed via metal housing. If the LED driver will be earthed, protection earth (PE) has to be used. There is no earth connection required for the functionality of the LED driver. Earth connection is recommended to improve following behaviour:

• Electromagnetic interferences (EMI)

- LED glowing at standby
- Transmission of mains transients to the LED output

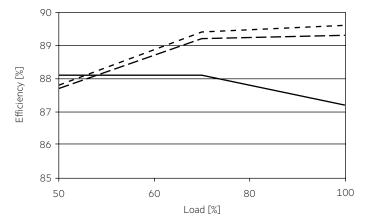
In general it is recommended to earth the LED driver if the LED module is mounted on earthed luminaire parts respectively heat sinks and thereby representing a high capacity against earth.

3.7 Installation instructions

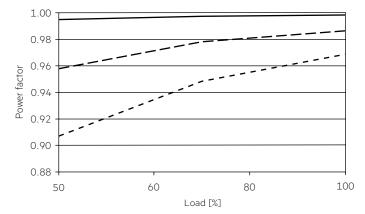
The switching of LEDs on secondary side is not permitted. The functioning of the LC in combination with dimming devices (e.g. PWM) cannot be guaranteed and has to be checked individually before using in combination.

4. Electrical values

4.1 Efficiency vs. load

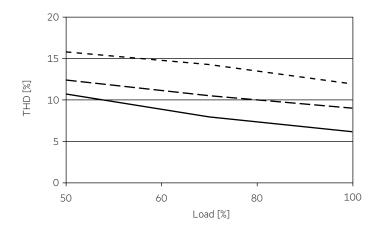


4.2 Power factor vs. load

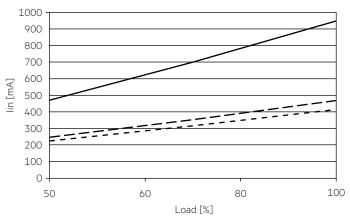


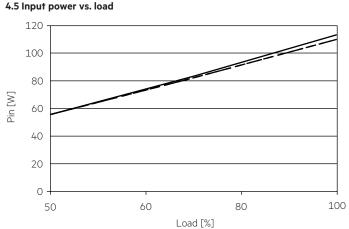
4.3 THD vs. load

THD without harmonic < 5 mA or 0.6 % of the input current.









230 V / 50 Hz

120 V / 60 Hz

4.6 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers

Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers at 120 V, 60 Hz

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush	current
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	l max	time
LC 100/24V lp SNC UNV	7	9	12	15	7	9	12	15	25 A	150 µs
ximum loading of automatic circuit	breakers at 230	V, 50 Hz								
	breakers at 230 C10	V, 50 Hz	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush	current
ximum loading of automatic circuit Automatic circuit breaker type Installation Ø			C16 1.5 mm ²	C20 2.5 mm ²	B10 1.5 mm ²	B13 1.5 mm²	B16	B20 2.5 mm ²	Inrush	current time

Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers at 277 V, 60 Hz $\,$

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush	current
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	max	time
LC 100/24V lp SNC UNV	15	20	25	32	9	12	15	17	55 A	150 µs

4.7 Harmonic distortion in mains supply in %

120 V, 60 Hz:

Туре	THD	3	5	7	9	11
LC 100/24V lp SNC UNV	< 8	< 6	< 3	< 1	< 1	< 1
230 V, 50 Hz:						
Туре	THD	3	5	7	9	11
LC 100/24V lp SNC UNV	< 11	< 4	< 1	< 3	< 1	< 1

Туре	THD	3	5	7	9	11
LC 100/24V lp SNC UNV	< 13	< 4	< 1	< 2	< 1	< 1

Acc. to 61000-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

5. Functions

5.1 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the secondary side (LED) the LED driver switches off. After elimination of the short-circuit fault the LED driver will recover automatically.

5.2 No-load operation

The LED driver will not be damaged in the no-load operation. A voltage of 25.2V DC is permanent at the output.

5.3 Over load protection

If the maximum load is exceeded by a defined internal limit, the LED driver switches off. After elimination of the short-circuit fault the LED driver will recover automatically.

5.4 Over temperature protection

Over temperature protection will be activated for ta > 60 °C and tc < 110 °C. The Driver is shot down when over temperature protection triggered. Auto-recovery when fault condition removed.

6. Miscellaneous

6.1 Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to UL 8750 (informative only!) each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with $500 V_{DC}$. The dielectric withstand test equipment shall employ a transformer of 500-VA or lager capacity and have a variable output voltage that is essentially sinusoidal or continuous direct current. The applied potential is to be increased from zero at a substantially uniform rate until the required test level is reached, and is to be held at that level for 1 minute.

As an alternative, UL8750 (informative only!) describes a test of the electrical strength with 2V AC + 1000V (or 1.414 x V DC). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

6.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity:	10 % up to max. 95 %,				
	not condensed				
	(max. 56 days/year at 95 %)				
Storage temperature:	-40 °C up to max. +85 °C				

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

The LED driver is declared as inbuilt LED controlgear, meaning it is intended to be used within a luminaire enclosure.

If the product is used outside a luminaire, the installation must provide suitable protection for people and environment (e.g. in illuminated ceilings).

6.3 Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles.

6.4 Additional information

Additional technical information at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Technical Data

Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.