TRIDONIC

Driver LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE

Tunable White



Product description

- _ NEW: lumDATA (DALI-2 part ext. 251, 252 and 253)
- Dimmable built-in constant current 2-channel LED driver with DALI-2 DT8
- $_$ Dimming range 1 to 100 %
- Suitable for luminaires of protection class I and protection class II (see data sheet chapter 3.4 for details)
- _ Output current adjustable between 350 1,050 mA via I-SELECT 2 plugs or DALI
- _ Max. output power 38 W
- _ Up to 87 % efficiency
- _ Power input on stand-by < 0.25 W
- _ Nominal lifetime up to 100,000 h
- _ 5 years guarantee (conditions at
- https://www.tridonic.com/manufacturer-guarantee-conditions)

Housing properties

- _ Casing: polycarbonate, white
- _ Type of protection IP20

Interfaces

- _ one4all (DALI-2 DT8, DSI, switchDIM, corridorFUNCTION V2)
- _ colourSWITCH
- _ Terminal blocks: 45° push terminals

Functions

- _ Adjustable output current in 1-mA-steps (DALI, I-SELECT 2)
- _ Constant light output function (CLO)
- _ colourSWITCH with predefined colours
- _ switchDIM and colourSWITCH with memory function
- _ Power-up fading and fade2zero
- _ Configurable via DALI
- _ Protective features (overtemperature, short-circuit, overload, no-
- load, reduced surge amplification)
- _ Suitable for emergency escape lighting systems acc. to EN 50172

Benefits

- _ Application-oriented operating window for maximum compatibility
- _ Best energy savings due to low stand-by losses
- _ Flexible configuration via DALI and I-SELECT 2

Typical applications

_ For spot light and downlight in retail and hospitality applications _ Tunable white application

Website

http://www.tridonic.com/28002199



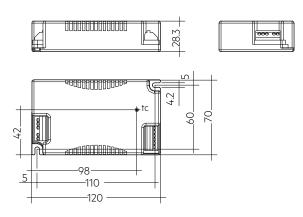


Linear Area Floor | Wall Free-standing

TRIDONIC

Driver LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE

Tunable White



Ordering data

| Туре | Article number | Packaging, carton | Packaging, pallet | Weight per pc. |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 28002199 | 10 pc(s). | 960 pc(s). | 0.168 kg |
| | | | | |
| Technical data | | | | |
| Rated supply voltage | 220 – 240 V | | | |
| AC voltage range | 198 – 264 V | | | |
| DC voltage range | 176 – 288 V | | | |
| Mains frequency | 0 / 50 / 60 Hz | | | |
| Overvoltage protection | 320 V AC, 48 h | | | |
| Typ. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) 👓 | 96 – 192 mA | | | |
| Typ. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 15 % dimming level) $^{\oslash}$ | 35 mA | | | |
| Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) 💷 | < 500 µA | | | |
| Typ. efficiency (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $^{\odot}$ | 87 % | | | |
| λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $^{\odot}$ | > 0.96C | | | |
| Typ. power consumption on stand-by ^③ | < 0.25 W | | | |
| Typ. input current in no-load operation | 22 mA | | | |
| Typ. input power in no-load operation | < 0.5 W | | | |
| In-rush current (peak / duration) | 26.4 A / 224 µs | | | |
| THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) ^① | < 10 % | | | |
| Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $^{\odot}$ | < 0.6 s | | | |
| Starting time (DC mode) | < 0.4 s | | | |
| Switchover time (AC/DC) [@] | < 0.2 s | | | |
| Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) | < 20 ms | | | |
| Output current tolerance 10 | ± 3 % | | | |
| Max. output current peak (non-repetitive) | ≤ output current + 20 % | | | |
| Output LF current ripple (< 120 Hz) | ± 2 % | | | |
| Output P_ST_LM (at full load) | ≤ 1 | | | |
| Output SVM (at full load) | ≤ 0.4 | | | |
| Max. output voltage (U-OUT) | 60 V | | | |
| Dimming range | 1 – 100 % | | | |
| Colour tuning range | 2,700 – 6,500 K | | | |
| Mains surge capability (between L - N) | 1 kV | | | |
| Mains surge capability (between L/N - PE) | 2 kV | | | |
| Surge voltage at output side (against PE) | < 500 V | | | |
| Type of protection | IP20 | | | |
| Lifetime | up to 100,000 h | | | |
| Guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com) | 5 Year(s) | | | |
| Dimensions L x W x H | 120 x 70 x 28.3 mm | | | |

Approval marks

Standards

EN 55015, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, EN 61347-1, EN 61347-2-13, EN 62384, EN 61547, EN 62386-101, EN 62386-102, EN 62386-207 (DALI-2), EN 62386-209 (DALI DEVICE Type 8), according to EN 50172, according to EN 60598-2-22

Specific technical data

| Туре | Output current ®® | Min. output voltage | Max. output voltage | Max. output power | Typ. power consumptio n (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) | Typ. current consumptio n (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) | tc point max. | Ambient temperature ta | I-SELECT 2 resistor value |
|------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--|--|------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 350 mA | 20 V | 50.0 V | 17.5 W | 21.1 W | 96 mA | 80 °C | -25 +65 °C | - |
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 400 mA | 20 V | 50.0 V | 20.0 W | 23.7 W | 107 mA | 80 °C | -25 +65 °C | 12.50 kΩ |
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 450 mA | 20 V | 50.0 V | 22.5 W | 26.4 W | 119 mA | 80 °C | -25 +65 °C | 11.11 kΩ |
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 500 mA | 20 V | 50.0 V | 25.0 W | 29.1 W | 130 mA | 80 °C | -25 +65 °C | 10.00 kΩ |
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 550 mA | 20 V | 50.0 V | 27.5 W | 31.7 W | 141 mA | 80 °C | -25 +65 °C | 9.09 kΩ |
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 600 mA | 20 V | 50.0 V | 30.0 W | 34.4 W | 152 mA | 80 °C | -25 +65 °C | 8.33 kΩ |
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 650 mA | 20 V | 50.0 V | 32.5 W | 37.0 W | 164 mA | 80 °C | -25 +60 °C | 7.69 kΩ |
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 700 mA | 20 V | 50.0 V | 35.0 W | 39.9 W | 176 mA | 80 °C | -25 +60 °C | 7.14 kΩ |
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 750 mA | 20 V | 50.0 V | 37.5 W | 42.5 W | 187 mA | 80 °C | -25 +60 °C | 6.67 kΩ |
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 800 mA | 20 V | 47.5 V | 38.0 W | 42.9 W | 189 mA | 80 °C | -25 +60 °C | 6.25 kΩ |
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 850 mA | 20 V | 44.7 V | 38.0 W | 43.1 W | 190 mA | 80 °C | -25 +60 °C | 5.88 kΩ |
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 900 mA | 20 V | 42.2 V | 38.0 W | 43.3 W | 191 mA | 80 °C | -25 +60 °C | 5.56 kΩ |
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 950 mA | 20 V | 40.0 V | 38.0 W | 43.4 W | 191 mA | 80 °C | -25 +55 °C | 5.26 kΩ |
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 1,000 mA | 20 V | 38.0 V | 38.0 W | 43.4 W | 191 mA | 80 °C | -25 +55 °C | 5.00 kΩ |
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 1,050 mA | 20 V | 36.2 V | 38.0 W | 43.6 W | 192 mA | 80 °C | -25 +55 °C | 0.00 kΩ |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Valid at 100 % dimming level.
Depending on the selected output current.

③ Depending on the DALI traffic at the interface.
④ Valid for immediate change of power supply type otherwise the starting time is valid.

⑤ Output current is mean value.

(1) The table only lists a number of possible operating points but does not cover each single point. The output current can be set within the total value range in 1-mA-steps.

 $\ensuremath{\overline{\mathbb{C}}}$ Not compatible with I-SELECT (generation 1). Calculated resistor value.

I-SELECT 2 PLUG PRE / EXC



Product description

- _ Ready-for-use resistor to set output current value _ Compatible with LED driver featuring I-select 2 interface; not
- compatible with I-SELECT (generation 1) _ Resistor is base insulated
- _ Resistor power 0.25 W
- _ Current tolerance ± 2 % additional to output current tolerance
- _ Compatible with LED driver series PRE and EXC

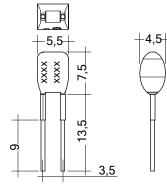
Example of calculation

- $R[k\Omega] = 5 V / I_out[mA] \times 1000$
- _ E96 resistor value used
- _ Resistor value tolerance ≤ 1 %; resistor power ≥ 0.1 W; base insulation necessary
- When using a resistor value beyond the specified range, the output current will automatically be set to the minimum value (resistor value too big), respectively to the maximum value (resistor value too small)

Website

http://www.tridonic.com/28001110





Ordering data

| Ordering data | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|--------|---------|----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Туре | Article number | Colour | Marking | Current | Resistor value | Packaging, bag | Weight per pc. |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 350MA BL | 28001110 | Blue | 0350 mA | 350 mA | 14.30 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 375MA BL | 28001111 | Blue | 0375 mA | 375 mA | 13.30 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 400MA BL | 28001112 | Blue | 0400 mA | 400 mA | 12.40 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 425MA BL | 28001251 | Blue | 0425 mA | 425 mA | 11.80 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 450MA BL | 28001113 | Blue | 0450 mA | 450 mA | 11.00 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 475MA BL | 28001252 | Blue | 0475 mA | 475 mA | 10.50 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 500MA BL | 28001114 | Blue | 0500 mA | 500 mA | 10.00 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 525MA BL | 28001960 | Blue | 0525 mA | 525 mA | 9.53 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 550MA BL | 28001115 | Blue | 0550 mA | 550 mA | 9.09 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 600MA BL | 28001116 | Blue | 0600 mA | 600 mA | 8.25 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 650MA BL | 28001117 | Blue | 0650 mA | 650 mA | 7.68 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 700MA BL | 28001118 | Blue | 0700 mA | 700 mA | 7.15 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 750MA BL | 28001119 | Blue | 0750 mA | 750 mA | 6.65 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 800MA BL | 28001120 | Blue | 0800 mA | 800 mA | 6.19 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 850MA BL | 28001121 | Blue | 0850 mA | 850 mA | 5.90 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 900MA BL | 28001122 | Blue | 0900 mA | 900 mA | 5.62 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 950MA BL | 28001123 | Blue | 0950 mA | 950 mA | 5.23 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 1000MA BL | 28001124 | Blue | 1000 mA | 1,000 mA | 4.99 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG 1050MA BL | 28001125 | Blue | 1050 mA | 1,050 mA | 4.75 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |
| I-SELECT 2 PLUG MAX BL | 28001099 | Blue | MAX | MAX | 0.00 kΩ | 10 pc(s). | 0.001 kg |

1. Standards

EN 55015 EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 EN 61347-1 EN 61347-2-13 EN 62384 EN 61547 EN 62386-101 (DALI-2) EN 62386-102 (DALI-2) EN 62386-207 (DALI-2) EN 62386-209 (DALI-2) EN 62386-209 (DALI-2) According to EN 50172 for use in central battery systems According to EN 60598-2-22 suitable for emergency lighting installations

2. Thermal details and lifetime

2.1 Expected lifetime

Expected lifetime

| Туре | Output current | ta | 35 °C | 40 °C | 45 °C | 50 °C | 55 °C | 60 °C | 65 °C |
|--------------------------------|--|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 750 700 4 | tc | 50 °C | 55 °C | 60 ℃ | 65 °C | 70 °C | 75 ℃ | 80 °C | |
| | 350 – 700 mA | Lifetime | > 100,000 h | > 100,000 h | > 100,000 h | 100,000 h | 90,000 h | 60,000 h | 40,000 h |
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 0-1050mA DT8 C PRE 700 – 950 mA 950 – 1,050 mA | tc | 55 °C | 60 °C | 65 °C | 70 °C | 75 °C | 80 °C | - |
| ECA 36W 350-1030IIIA DT8 C PRE | | Lifetime | > 100,000 h | > 100,000 h | > 100,000 h | 80,000 h | 60,000 h | 40,000 h | - |
| | | tc | 60 °C | 65 °C | 70 °C | 75 ℃ | 80 °C | - | - |
| | | Lifetime | > 100,000 h | > 100,000 h | 80,000 h | 60,000 h | 40,000 h | - | - |

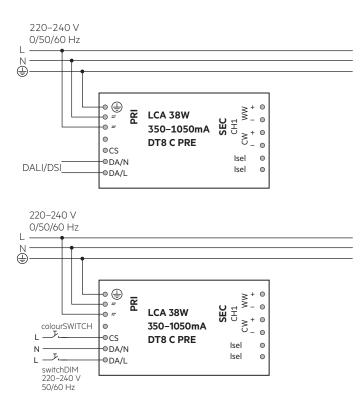
The LED driver is designed for a lifetime stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design.

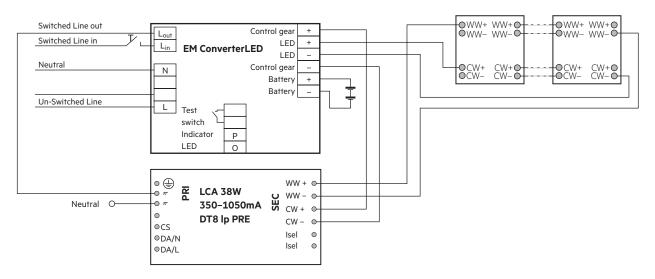
If the measured tc temperature is approx. 5 K below tc max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Circuit diagram



Wiring diagram for emergency

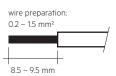


3.2 Wiring type and cross section

For wiring use stranded wires with ferrules or solid wires from 0.2–1.5 mm². Strip 8.5-9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals.

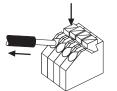
Use one wire for each terminal connector only.

LED module/LED driver/supply



3.3 Loose wiring

Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.



3.4 Wiring guidelines

- The cables should be run separately from the mains connections and mains cables to ensure good EMC conditions.
- The LED wiring should be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMC. The max. secondary cable length is 2 m (4 m circuit), this applies for LED output and not for I-SELECT 2.
- Secondary switching is not permitted.
- The LED driver has no inverse-polarity protection on the secondary side. Wrong polarity can damage LED modules with no inverse-polarity protection.
- Wrong wiring of the LED driver can lead to malfunction or irreparable damage.
- In case of protection class II applications it's recommended to separate the lamp wires of the different channels. Depending onto the luminaire construction additional actions, such as equipotential connection between driver and LED or a toroidal ferrite at the lamp wires are recommended.
- To avoid damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

3.5 Hot plug-in

Hot plug-in is not supported due to residual output voltage of > 0 V. When connecting an LED load, restart the device to activate the LED output. This can be done via mains reset or via interface (DALI, DSI, switchDIM).

3.6 Earth connection

The earth connection is conducted as protection earth (PE). The LED driver can be earthed via earth terminal. If the LED driver will be earthed, protection earth (PE) has to be used. There is no earth connection required for the functionality of the LED driver.

Earth connection is recommended to improve following behaviour:

- Electromagnetic interferences (EMI)
- LED glowing at stand-by
- Transmission of mains transients to the LED output

In general it is recommended to earth the LED driver if the LED module is mounted on earthed luminaire parts respectively heat sinks and thereby representing a high capacity against earth.

3.7 I-SELECT 2 resistors connected via cable

For details see:

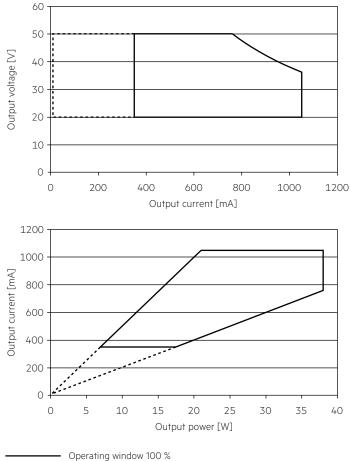
http://www.tridonic.com/com/en/download/technical/LCA_PRE_LC_EXC_ProductManual_en.pdf.

3.8 Installation note

Max. torque at the clamping screw: 0.5 Nm / M4

4. Electrical values

4.1 Operating window



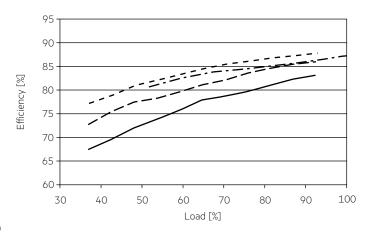
----Operating window dimmed

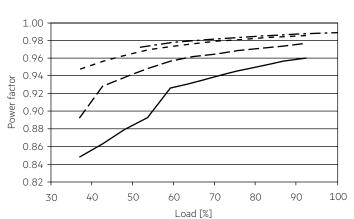
Make sure that the LED driver is operated within the given window under all operating conditions. Special attention needs to be paid at dimming and DC emergency operation as the forward voltage of the connected LED modules varies with the dimming level, due to the implemented amplitude dimming technology. Coming below the specified minimum output voltage of the LED driver may cause the device to shut-down.

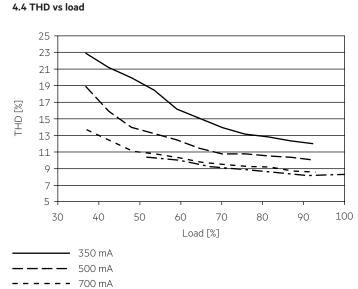
See chapter "6.9 Light level in DC operation" for more information.

4.2 Efficiency vs load

4.3 Power factor vs load







1050 mA

100 % load corresponds to the max. output power (full load) according to the table on page 2.

4.5 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

| Automatic circuit breaker type | C10 | C13 | C16 | C20 | B10 | B13 | B16 | B20 | Inrush | current |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------|---------|
| Installation Ø | 1.5 mm ² | 1.5 mm ² | 2.5 mm ² | 4 mm ² | 1.5 mm ² | 1.5 mm ² | 2.5 mm ² | 4 mm ² | l max | time |
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | 16 | 21 | 26 | 33 | 10 | 13 | 16 | 20 | 26 A | 224 µs |

These are max. values calculated out of inrush current! Please consider not to exceed the maximum rated continuous current of the circuit breaker. Calculation uses typical values from ABB series S200 as a reference.

Actual values may differ due to used circuit breaker types and installation environment.

4.6 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load)

in %

| | THD | 3. | 5. | 7. | 9. | 11. |
|------------------------------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| LCA 38W 350-1050mA DT8 C PRE | < 10 | < 10 | < 3 | < 3 | < 2 | < 2 |

4.7 Dimming

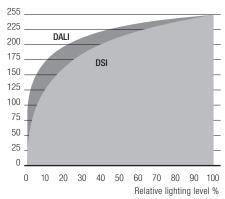
Dimming range 1% to 100 % Digital control with:

- DSI signal: 8 bit Manchester Code Speed 1% to 100% in 1.4 s
- DALI signal: 16 bit Manchester Code Speed 1% to 100% in 0.2 s Programmable parameter: Minimum dimming level Maximum dimming level Default minimum = 1% Programmable range 1% ≤ MIN ≤ 100% Default maximum = 100% Programmable range 100% ≥ MAX ≥ 1%

Dimming curve is adapted to the eye sensitiveness. Dimming is realized by amplitude dimming.

4.8 Dimming characteristics

Digital dimming value



Dimming characteristics as seen by the human eye

5. Interfaces / communication

5.1 Control input (DA/N, DA/L)

Digital DALI signal or switchDIM can be wired on the same terminals (DA/N and DA/L).

The control input is non-polar for digital control signals (DALI, DSI). The control signal is not SELV. Control cable has to be installed in accordance to the requirements of low voltage installations. Different functions depending on each module.

5.2 switchDIM

Integrated switchDIM function allows a direct connection of a pushbutton for dimming and switching.

Brief push (< 0.6 s) switches LED driver ON and OFF. The dimm level is saved at power-down and restored at power-up.

When the pushbutton is held, LED modules are dimmed. After repush the LED modules are dimmed in the opposite direction.

In installations with LED drivers with different dimming levels or opposite dimming directions (e.g. after a system extension), all LED drivers can be synchronized to 50 % dimming level by a 10 s push.

Use of pushbutton with indicator lamp is not permitted.

5.3 colourSWITCH

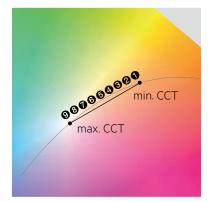
A conventional pushbutton can be used to control the system via colourSWITCH. Use of pushbutton with indicator lamp is not permitted.

If the device is controlled via DALI/DSI, colourSWITCH is not available.

For control via a pushbutton different settings can be made:

- Short press: Setting the colour temperature via colourSWITCH mode with 9 values between 2,700 and 6,500 K.
- Long press (> 1 s): Stepless setting of colour temperature. After completion the colour temperature direction will be inverted.
- These values can be changed via masterCONFIGURATOR.
- Alternatively the colour temperature could be changed via DALI device type 8 control system.

In installations with LED drivers with different colour temperature or opposite colour temperature directions (e.g. after a system extension), all LED drivers can be synchronized to 4,500 K by a 10 s push.



6. Functions

6.1 Function: adjustable current

The output current of the LED driver can be adjusted in a certain range. For adjustment there are two options available.

Option 1: DALI

Adjustment is done by masterCONFIGURATOR (see masterCONFIGURATOR documentation).

Adjustment can be done for each channel individually.

Option 2: I-SELECT 2

By inserting a suitable resistor into the I-SELECT 2 interface, the current value can be adjusted. The relationship between output current and resistor value can be found in the chapter "Accessories I-SELECT 2 Plugs".



Please note that the resistor values for I-SELECT 2 are not compatible with I-SELECT (generation 1). Installation of an incorrect resistor may cause irreparable damage to the LED module(s). The I-SELECT 2 adjustment will be taken for all channels.

Resistors for the main output current values can be ordered from Tridonic (see accessories).

The priority for current adjustment methods is DALI (highest priority), I-SELECT 2 (lowest priority).

Programming must always be performed with LED modules connected.

6.2 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short-circuit at the LED output the LED output is switched off. After restart of the LED driver the output will be activated again. The restart can either be done via mains reset or via interface (DALI, DSI, switchDIM).

6.3 No-load operation

The LED driver will not be damaged in no-load operation. The output will be deactivated and is therefore free of voltage. If a LED load is connected the device has to be restarted before the output will be activated again.

6.4 Overload protection

If the maximum load is exceeded by a defined internal limit, the LED driver turns off the LED output. After restart of the LED driver the output will be activated again.

The restart can either be done via mains reset or via interface (DALI, DSI, switchDIM).

6.5 Overtemperature protection

The LED driver is protected against temporary thermal overheating. If the temperature limit is exceeded the output current of the LED module(s) is reduced. The temperature protection is activated above tc max. The activation temperature differs depending on the LED load. On DC operation this function is deactivated to fulfill emergency requirements.

6.6 corridorFUNCTION

The corridorFUNCTION can be programmed in two different ways. To program the corridorFUNCTION by means of software a DALI-USB interface is needed in combination with a DALI PS. The software can be the masterCONFIGURATOR.

To activate the corridorFUNCTION without using software a voltage of 230 V has to be applied for five minutes at the switchDIM connection. The unit will then switch automatically to the corridorFUNCTION.

Note:

If the corridorFUNCTION is wrongly activated in a switchDIM system (for example a switch is used instead of pushbutton), there is the option of installing a pushbutton and deactivating the corridorFUNCTION mode by five short pushes of the button within three seconds.

switchDIM and corridorFUNCTION are very simple tools for controlling gears with conventional pushbuttons or motion sensors.

To ensure correct operation a sinusoidal mains voltage with a frequency of 50 Hz or 60 Hz is required at the control input.

Special attention must be paid to achieving clear zero crossings. Serious mains faults may impair the operation of switchDIM and corridorFUNCTION.

6.7 Constant light output (CLO)

The luminous flux of a LED decreases constantly over the lifetime. The CLO function ensures that the emitted luminous flux remains stable. For that purpose the LED current will increase continuously over the LED lifetime. In masterCONFIGURATOR it is possible to select a start value (in percent) and an expected lifetime.

The LED driver adjusts the current afterwards automatically.

6.8 Power-up/-down fading

The power-up/-down function offers the opportunity to modify the on-/off behavior. The time for fading on or off can be adjusted in a range of 0.2 to 16 seconds. According to this value, the device dims either from 0 % up to the power-on level or from the current set dim level down to 0 %. This feature applies while operating via switchDIM and when switching the mains voltage on or off.

By factory default no fading time is set (= 0 seconds).

6.9 Light level in DC operation

The LED driver is designed to operate on DC voltage and pulsed DC voltage. For a reliable operation, make sure that also in DC emergency operation the LED driver is run within the specified conditions as stated in chapter "4.1 operating window".

Light output level in DC operation: programmable 1 – 100 % (EOFi = 0.13). Programming by DALI. In DC operation dimming mode can be activated.

The voltage-dependent input current of Driver incl. LED module is depending on the used load.

The voltage-dependent no-load current of Driver (without or defect LED module) is for: AC: 22 mA (at 230 V, 50 Hz) DC: 6 – 10 mA (at 275 – 186 V, 0 Hz)

6.10 Software / programming

With appropriate software and an interface different functions can be activated and various parameters can be configured in the LED driver. To do so, a DALI-USB and the software (masterCONFIGURATOR) are required.

Programming must always be performed with LED modules connected.

6.11 masterCONFIGURATOR

From version 2.8: For programming functions (CLO, I-SELECT 2, power-up fading, corridorFUNCTION, colourSWITCH) and device settings (fade time, ePowerOnLevel, DC level, etc.). For further information see masterCONFIGURATOR manual.

6.12 deviceCONFIGURATOR

PC (windows) based software application to transfer parameters into our drivers.

Workflow optimised for the use in OEM production line.

For further information see deviceCONFIGURATOR manual.

7. Miscellaneous

7.1 Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with 500 V $_{DC}$ for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal. The insulation resistance must be at least 2 M $_{\Omega}$.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V $_{AC}$ (or 1.414 x 1500 V $_{DC}$). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

7.2 Conditions of use and storage

| Humidity: | 5 % up to max. 85 %, not condensed (max. 56 days/year at 85 %) |
|----------------------|--|
| Storage temperature: | -40 °C up to max. +80 °C |

The devices have to be acclimatised to the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

The LED driver is declared as inbuilt LED controlgear, meaning it is intended to be used within a luminaire enclosure.

If the product is used outside a luminaire, the installation must provide suitable protection for people and environment (e.g. in illuminated ceilings).

7.3 Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles. The actually achieved number of switching cycles is significantly higher.

7.4 Additional information

Additional technical information at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Technical Data

Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.